

Name _____

Date _____

12.3 Direct proportion — worked answers

Recognise direct proportion and solve problems with it, using the unitary method. · 43 questions

A · Fluency — Find one, then scale up.

- 1 3 pens cost \$12. What do 5 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 20
One pen costs $12 \div 3 = 4$, so 5 pens cost $4 \times 5 = 20$.
- 2 4 pens cost \$20. What do 7 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 35
One pen costs $20 \div 4 = 5$, so 7 pens cost $5 \times 7 = 35$.
- 3 5 pens cost \$35. What do 8 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 56
One pen costs $35 \div 5 = 7$, so 8 pens cost $7 \times 8 = 56$.
- 4 6 pens cost \$18. What do 10 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 30
One pen costs $18 \div 6 = 3$, so 10 pens cost $3 \times 10 = 30$.
- 5 2 pens cost \$9. What do 6 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 24
One pen costs $9 \div 2 = 4.5$, so 6 pens cost $4.5 \times 6 = 27$.
- 6 8 pens cost \$24. What do 5 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 15
One pen costs $24 \div 8 = 3$, so 5 pens cost $3 \times 5 = 15$.
- 7 7 pens cost \$63. What do 4 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 36
One pen costs $63 \div 7 = 9$, so 4 pens cost $9 \times 4 = 36$.
- 8 9 pens cost \$45. What do 6 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 30
One pen costs $45 \div 9 = 5$, so 6 pens cost $5 \times 6 = 30$.
- 9 10 pens cost \$65. What do 4 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 24
One pen costs $65 \div 10 = 6.5$, so 4 pens cost $6.5 \times 4 = 26$.
- 10 12 pens cost \$96. What do 3 pens cost, in dollars?
Answer: 24
One pen costs $96 \div 12 = 8$, so 3 pens cost $8 \times 3 = 24$.

- 11** 4 identical bags hold 200 g altogether. How much do 6 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 300

One bag holds $200 \div 4 = 50$ g, so 6 bags hold 300 g.

- 12** 5 identical bags hold 150 g altogether. How much do 8 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 240

One bag holds $150 \div 5 = 30$ g, so 8 bags hold 240 g.

- 13** 3 identical bags hold 180 g altogether. How much do 7 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 420

One bag holds $180 \div 3 = 60$ g, so 7 bags hold 420 g.

- 14** 6 identical bags hold 240 g altogether. How much do 4 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 160

One bag holds $240 \div 6 = 40$ g, so 4 bags hold 160 g.

- 15** 8 identical bags hold 320 g altogether. How much do 5 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 200

One bag holds $320 \div 8 = 40$ g, so 5 bags hold 200 g.

- 16** 2 identical bags hold 90 g altogether. How much do 9 bags hold, in grams?

Answer: 405

One bag holds $90 \div 2 = 45$ g, so 9 bags hold 405 g.

- 17** y is directly proportional to x . When $x = 2$, $y = 10$. What is y when $x = 6$?

Answer: 30

$y \div x$ is always 5, so when $x = 6$, $y = 6 \times 5 = 30$.

- 18** y is directly proportional to x . When $x = 3$, $y = 21$. What is y when $x = 9$?

Answer: 63

$y \div x$ is always 7, so when $x = 9$, $y = 9 \times 7 = 63$.

- 19** y is directly proportional to x . When $x = 4$, $y = 36$. What is y when $x = 12$?

Answer: 108

$y \div x$ is always 9, so when $x = 12$, $y = 12 \times 9 = 108$.

- 20** y is directly proportional to x . When $x = 5$, $y = 40$. What is y when $x = 15$?

Answer: 120

$y \div x$ is always 8, so when $x = 15$, $y = 15 \times 8 = 120$.

- 21** y is directly proportional to x . When $x = 3$, $y = 12$. What is y when $x = 21$?

Answer: 84

$y \div x$ is always 4, so when $x = 21$, $y = 21 \times 4 = 84$.

B · Reasoning — When proportion is direct, and when not.

- 22** What does **directly proportional** mean?

- ☐ One goes up as the other goes down
- ☐ When one doubles, so does the other
- ☐ They are equal
- ☐ They add to a fixed total

Answer: When one doubles, so does the other

The ratio between them stays the same.

23 What is the **unitary method**?

- ☐ Finding the total
- ☐ Finding the value of one, then scaling up
- ☐ Adding the parts
- ☐ Dividing by two

Answer: Finding the value of one, then scaling up

Almost every proportion question yields to it.

24 5 pens cost \$35. What is the first step to find the cost of 8?

- ☐ Multiply 35 by 8
- ☐ Divide 35 by 5 to find one pen
- ☐ Add 3 to 35
- ☐ Divide 8 by 5

Answer: Divide 35 by 5 to find one pen

One pen is \$7, so 8 cost \$56.

25 A graph of two directly proportional quantities ...

- ☐ curves upwards
- ☐ is a straight line through the origin
- ☐ is horizontal
- ☐ is a straight line not through the origin

Answer: is a straight line through the origin

Zero of one gives zero of the other — the link back to Unit 11.

26 Is the cost of petrol directly proportional to the number of litres?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Answer: Yes

Twice as many litres costs twice as much, and zero litres costs nothing.

27 Is a taxi fare directly proportional to the distance?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Answer: No

There is usually a fixed charge, so zero distance still costs something. The graph does not pass through the origin.

28 If 3 workers take 6 hours, how long would 6 workers take, assuming they work at the same rate?

- ☐ 12 hours
- ☐ 6 hours
- ☐ 3 hours
- ☐ It cannot be found

Answer: 3 hours

More workers means less time — this is **inverse** proportion, not direct. Doubling the workers halves the time.

29 How can you tell whether two quantities are directly proportional from a table?

- ☐ The values increase
- ☐ Dividing one by the other always gives the same number
- ☐ They add to a constant
- ☐ You cannot tell

Answer: Dividing one by the other always gives the same number

That constant is the rate.

C · Challenge — Awkward numbers and working back.

30 7 books cost \$91. What do 11 books cost, in dollars?

Answer: 143

One book is $91 \div 7 = 13$, and $13 \times 11 = 143$.

31 A recipe for 4 people uses 300 g of rice. How much for 10 people, in grams?

Answer: 750

One person needs 75 g, and $75 \times 10 = 750$ g.

32 A car uses 12 litres for 96 km. How far on 20 litres, in km?

Answer: 160

$96 \div 12 = 8$ km per litre, and $8 \times 20 = 160$ km.

33 9 identical tiles weigh 45 kg. How many tiles weigh 30 kg?

Answer: 6

One tile is 5 kg, and $30 \div 5 = 6$ tiles.

34 3 machines fill 240 bottles an hour. How many do 7 machines fill in an hour?

Answer: 560

One machine fills 80, and $80 \times 7 = 560$.

35 A wall of 8 m² needs 2 litres of paint. How many m² will 7 litres cover?

Answer: 28

One litre covers 4 m², and $4 \times 7 = 28$.

D · Word problems — Prices, fuel, recipes and maps.

36 4 apples cost \$6. What do 10 apples cost, in dollars?

Answer: 15

One apple is \$1.50, and $1.50 \times 10 = 15$.

37 A car travels 150 km on 10 litres. How far on 4 litres, in km?

Answer: 60

15 km per litre, so 60 km.

38 5 tickets cost \$40. What do 9 tickets cost, in dollars?

Answer: 72

One ticket is \$8, and $8 \times 9 = 72$.

39 A recipe for 6 uses 450 g of flour. How much for 8, in grams?

Answer: 600

75 g each, and $75 \times 8 = 600$.

- 40** A printer does 240 pages in 8 minutes. How many in 15 minutes?

Answer: 450

30 pages a minute, and $30 \times 15 = 450$.

- 41** A tap fills 90 litres in 6 minutes. How long to fill 240 litres, in minutes?

Answer: 16

15 litres a minute, and $240 \div 15 = 16$.

- 42** 3 kg of rice feeds 24 people. How many does 5 kg feed?

Answer: 40

8 people per kg, and $8 \times 5 = 40$.

- 43** A map scale means 4 cm represents 10 km. What does 14 cm represent, in km?

Answer: 35

2.5 km per cm, and $2.5 \times 14 = 35$.